

# Polyflor Australia Fire Certificates for NCC 2022 Specification 7 C3 Compliance

Polyflors' products are manufactured and tested in the UK.

Polyflor has gone to great lengths to have the UK laboratory, Shirley Technologies Limited, Wira House BCTC, UKAS accredited to perform the fire test required by the Australian NCC, AS ISO 9239.1-2003.

In the Schedule 1 Definitions section of the NCC 2022, an Accredited Testing Laboratory means—
(a) an organisation accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) to undertake the relevant tests; or

(b) an organisation outside Australia accredited to undertake the relevant tests by an authority recognised by NATA through a mutual recognition agreement;

Polyflors' test certificates comply with definition (b). NATA is a signatory of ILAC (International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation), a Mutual Recognition Program where international accreditation programs, like NATA, are recognised as similar acceptable quality standards.

UKAS is also a signatory and results obtained by a UKAS certified lab are recognised by NATA under this ILAC-MRA agreement.

The laboratory Polyflor uses, BCTC, is UKAS certified to perform AS ISO 9239.1-2003. This compliance is available via their website and is also stamped on the report.

Regarding terminology, in the definitions section of the NCC, *Critical radiant flux means the <u>critical heat</u> flux at extinguishment as determined by AS ISO 9239.1.* 

The *smoke development rate* as required under Specification 7 Clause 3 is determined from the AS ISO 9239.1 test method and is by measurement of the smoke obscuration over time. This is expressed as Smoke Obscuration % x minutes.

The AS ISO test method has been copied from International Standards and hence the reason why the difference in terminology to the NCC.

The supplied fire certificate is acceptable in Australia as it is the Australian test performed by a NATA recognised certified laboratory for compliance to NCC 2022 S7C3.



## **Confidential Report**

Our Ref: 26/01933BSupp/08/15

Notified Body for PPE Directive, Construction Products Regulation & Marine Equipment Directive I.D. No. 0338 & 0339





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15 March 2016

Our Ref: 26/01933BSupp/08/15

Your Ref:

Client: Polyflor Ltd

PO Box 3

Radcliffe New Road

Whitfefield Manchester M45 7NR

Job Title: Fire Test on One Sample of Vinyl Flooring

Clients Order Ref: 2212747

Date of Receipt: 5 August 2015

Description of Sample: One sample of vinyl flooring, referenced:-

Product Name: Polysafe Standard PUR, Polysafe Astral PUR

Nominal Thickness, mm: 2.0
Weight per unit area kg/m2: 2.43
Batch No: 1B385

Shade: 4020 Silver Birch

Work Requested: BCTC were requested to carry out a fire test on the sample supplied

to AS ISO 9239-1.

This is a supplementary report to the one issued on the 25th August

2015 under our report reference 26/01933B/08/15.







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#### **Polyflor Ltd**

FIRE TESTS ACCORDING TO AS ISO 9239-1:2003

Reaction to fire tests for Floorings - Part 1: Determination of the burning behaviour using a radiant heat source (ISO 9239-1:2002)

Date of Test: 24/08/15

#### Conditioning

The specimens were conditioned in accordance with BS EN 13238:2002. The substrate used was a fibre cement board (ISO 390) with a thickness of (6±1)mm and a density of (1,800±200) Kg/m³ representing the standard substrate of Class A1fl or A2fl.

#### **Procedure**

The test was carried out in accordance with BS EN ISO 9239-1. The sponsor sampled and cut the specimens to the dimensions stated.

Specimens were individually placed in the combustion chamber and allowed to preheat for two minutes under a radiant panel, which gives an imposed radiant flux ranging from approximately 11.0 kW/m² to 1.0 kW/m² along the specimen.

The pilot flame used was the line burner as described and was applied to the surface of the specimen for 10 minutes and then removed.

The flame front was measured at the end of the test or at 30 minutes if applicable.

Test termination was considered to be when the flame front self extinguished or at 30 minutes, which ever is the sooner.

The heat flux from the panel incident on the specimen when self extinguished or at 30 minutes (critical heat flux CHF or HF-30) was calculated from a prior calibration.







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#### **Polyflor Ltd**

#### Results

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a material under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the full potential fire hazard of the materials in use.

Specimen No.	Direction of spec.	Smoke Ob Max %	oscuration <u>% x min</u>	Maximum Flame front (mm)	Heat Flux-30 (HF-30) (kW/m²)	Critical Heat Flux (CHF) (kW/m²)	Duration of Flaming (sec)
1 2 3 4 Mean of 3 specs.	Machine Across Across Across	63 60 63 63	189 209 167 194 190	160 170 175 180 175	9.8 9.6 9.5 9.4 9.5	9.8 9.6 9.5 9.4 9.5	746 756 737 740 744
<u>Distance</u> <u>Burnt (mr</u>		<u>1</u> 181	<u>Tim</u>	<u>e for each spe</u> <u>2</u> 222	ecimen to burn of 3 142	<u>(s)</u>	<u>4</u> 186
100 150		290 331		269 346	281 323		260 301

#### Note

One specimen was initially tested in each direction and whichever direction gave the worst result a further two specimens were tested. Only the results of the 3 specimens in the same direction were used to calculate the mean results.

The specimens of floor covering were tested adhered to a 6mm fibre cement board , as defined in BS EN 13238:2010 using Styccobond F44 adhesive.







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#### **Polyflor Ltd**

Uncertainty of measurement has not been taken into account when presenting the test result. The relevant uncertainty value is included as an annex which forms an integral part of the report.

Reported by:	23. Martel	B Marsden (Mrs), Fire Technician
Countersigned by:		P Doherty, Operational Head
	oort should be addressed to Customer	• •



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**Polyflor Ltd** 

### **Uncertainty Budget - Annex**

The uncertainty budget for AS ISO 9239:2002 was determined as follows:-

#### **Overall**

The uncertainty varies down the length of the panel therefore:

At position between a Euroclass B to C ± 15% At position between a Euroclass C to D ± 15.5% At position between a Euroclass D to E ± 17.5%



